APPENDIX I: China's Nuclear Technology Exports In The 1980s And 1990s

COUNTRY	TYPE OF ASSISTANCE
ARGENTINA	 Research Reactor ▶ 15 MWt pressurized heavy water research reactor; possible provisions of heavy water for the reactor; construction began around 1988; placed under IAEA safeguards in 1992 ▶ Designs for construction of third stage of Algeria's Center for Nuclear Energy Research Low Enriched Uranium ≥ 20% enriched, sold in 1980s, no safeguards Heavy Water > 50-60 metric tons (1981-1985); no safeguards Uranium Concentrate (U3O8) > 1981-1985, no safeguards Uranium Hexafluoride Gas (UF6)
BRAZIL	 Early 1980s, 30 metric tons; no safeguards Enriched Uranium 3%, 7%, 20% enriched; 200 kg total
INDIA	 ▶ 1984, no safeguards • Heavy water ▶ 1982-1987; 130-150 metric tons ▶ No IAEA safeguards • Low-Enriched Uranium ▶ 1995, for India's Tarapur reactors ▶ Supplied under IAEA safeguards
TRAN	 Research Reactors ➤ 27kW subcritical, neutron source reactor; provided in 1985; currently under IAEA safeguards ➤ Zero-power reactor; commercial contract signed in 1991; currently under IAEA safeguards ➤ HT-6B Tokamak nuclear fusion reactor, located at Azan University ➤ 20 MWt reactor; contract signed in 1992 but the deal was canceled due to US pressure Power Reactors: two 300 MWe reactors ➤ Deal suspended in 1995 and canceled in 1997 ➤ CIA verified project cancellation Calutrons (electromagnetic isotope separators, EMIS) ➤ For Karaj and Isfahan facilities; commercial contract signed in 1989; under safeguards Uranium Hexaflouride (UF6) Production Facility ➤ Project canceled in October 1997 ➤ CIA verified cancellation of deal ➤ China possibly provided blueprints for facility
	 Zirconium Tube Production Facility Assistance continuing Uranium Mining Assistance

IRAQ	Ring Magnets
	Exports of samarium-cobalt magnets for gas
	centrifuges, 1989-1990
PAKISTAN	NUCLEAR WEAPON-RELATED ASSISTANCE
	Nuclear Weapon Design
	Basic, Hiroshima sized weapon
	Nuclear Weapon Testing Published Shapers of Chine's
	> Possible inclusion of Pakistani observers at China's
	Lop Nur test facility (1989)
	Possible Provision of Tritium Gas
	 1986, no safeguards Uranium Enrichment
	➤ Assistance to unsafeguarded Kahuta enrichment
	facility
	This assistance was a two-way street
	Weapons-Grade Uranium for Two Devices
	Early 1980s, supplied without safeguards
	DUAL-USE NUCLEAR ASSISTANCE
	 Power Reactor: Chashma-1, 300 MWe
	 Construction is continuing
	Under IAEA safeguards (INFCIRC/418)
	 Reprocessing Facility at Chashma
	 Possible construction assistance to unsafeguarded facility
	Research Reactors
	Miniature Neutron Source Reactor (MNSR); supplied under IAEA safeguards (INFCIRC/393) in 1991
	 Construction assistance with Parr-2 reactor, unsafeguarded
	• Ring Magnets
	About 5,000 to unsafeguarded A.Q. Khan Research
	Laboratory in Kahuta (1995) • Plutonium Production Reactor at Khushab
	> 50-70 MW heavy water reactor (unsafeguarded)
	> Construction assistance
	 Provided special industrial furnace and high-tech diagnostic equipment (1994-1995)
	Heavy water (D2O)
	➤ Up to 5 MT/year for safeguarded PHWR [Kanupp] research reactor
	 Possibly diverted by Pakistan to the Khushab research reactor against Chinese wishes
	Fuel Fabrication Services